## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- | 1. (Currently Amended) A process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence encoding a modified polypeptide comprising: i) a DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide comprising an aspartic protease amino acid sequence, wherein the process comprises the steps of modifying the a polynucleotide sequence that comprises a DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide comprising an aspartic protease amino acid sequence to encode an extra polypeptide N-X-T glycosylation site in the aspartic protease amino acid sequence; and ii) isolating the modified polynucleotide sequence resulting from step (i) which isolated polynucleotide sequence encodes the encoding a modified polypeptide.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 1, wherein the aspartic protease is a chymosin.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 2, wherein the chymosin is a mammalian chymosin.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 3, wherein the mammalian chymosin is bovine chymosin.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of any of claims 2 to 4 claim 2, wherein the polypeptide comprising an

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aspartic protease amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of pre-prochymosin, prochymosin and mature chymosin.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of any of claims 1 to 5 claim 1, wherein the modified polypeptide comprises at least one -N-X-T- site introduced at position 291-293 according to the chymosin numbering (Gilliland, 1990).
- 7. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 6, wherein the modified polypeptide is modified by substituting  $S_{293}$  with T creating the at least one a N-X-T glycosylation site.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of any of claims 1 to 7 claim 1, wherein the modified polypeptide comprises, within the aspartic protease amino acid sequence, an artificial linker comprising a N-glycosylation site, preferably a N-X-T glycosylation site.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of any of claims 1 to 8 claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprising an aspartic protease amino acid sequence comprises a fusion protein comprising wherein the aspartic protease amino acid sequence is connected to a fusion partner.

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- 10. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 9, wherein the fusion partner is selected from the group consisting of glucoamylase, alpha-amylase, cellobiohydrolase and a part thereof.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The process for obtaining producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 8, wherein the polypeptide comprising an aspartic protease amino acid sequence comprises a fusion protein that comprises the aspartic protease amino acid sequence connected to a fusion partner, which fusion partner is selected from the group consisting of glucoamylase, alpha amylase, cellobiohydrolase and a part thereof, and wherein the artificial linker sequence is situated between a pro-sequence and a the fusion partner-of claim 10.
- 12. (Currently Amended) An isolated polynucleotide sequence encoding a modified polypeptide comprising a DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide comprising an aspartic protease amino acid sequence, obtainable by a the process for obtaining an isolated polynucleotide sequence of any of claims 1 to 11 claim 1.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a modified polypeptide exhibiting aspartic protease activity comprising the steps of cultivating a host organism comprising and the isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 12 so that said modified polypeptide is produced and isolating the produced modified polypeptide exhibiting aspartic protease activity.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of producing an isolated a modified polypeptide of claim 13, wherein the host organism is a yeast cell or a filamentous fungal cell.

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- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of producing an isolated a modified polypeptide of claim 14, wherein the host organism is a filamentous fungal cell and the filamentous fungal cell is an Aspergillus cell. preferably selected from the group consisting of Aspergillus niger and Aspergillus niger var. awamori
- 16. (Original) An isolated polypeptide exhibiting aspartic protease activity comprising a N-X-T glycosylation site.
- 17. (Original) The isolated polypeptide of claim 16, wherein the aspartic protease is a chymosin.
- 18. (Original) The isolated polypeptide of claim 17, wherein the chymosin is a mammalian chymosin.
- 19. (Original) The isolated polypeptide of claim 18, wherein the mammalian chymosin is bovine chymosin.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The isolated polypeptide of any of claims 16 to 19 claim 16, wherein the polypeptide comprises at least one -N-X-T- site introduced at position 291-293 according to the chymosin numbering (Gilliland, 1990).
- 21. (Original) The isolated polypeptide of claim 20, wherein the polypeptide comprises  $T_{293}$  creating a N-X-T glycosylation site.

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- 22. (New) The process for producing an isolated polynucleotide sequence of claim 8 wherein the N-glycosylation site is a N-X-T glycosylation site.
- 23. (New) The method of producing a modified polypeptide of claim 15, wherein the Aspergillus cell is an Aspergillus niger cell or an Aspergillus niger var. awamori cell.